

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

*The listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:*

**Listing of Claims:**

1.     **(Currently Amended)**     A method of testing an optical subassembly ("OSA") of an optoelectronic device, comprising:

providing a tester apparatus comprising:

a printed circuit board having a test circuit formed thereon, wherein the OSA is not disposed on the printed circuit board, and an electrical interface disposed in electrical communication with the test circuit;

forming a temporary electrical connection between a flexible circuit and the electrical interface of the tester apparatus, wherein the flexible circuit is in electrical communication with the OSA, the flexible circuit being disposed between the OSA and the electrical interface;

transmitting a data stream through the OSA; and

evaluating the data stream.

2.     **(Cancelled)**

3.     **(Original)**     The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the optical subassembly is one of a transmitter optical subassembly ("TOSA") and a receiver optical subassembly ("ROSA").

4.     **(Cancelled)**

5.     **(Cancelled)**

6. **(Original)** The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the optical subassembly is a transmitter optical subassembly (TOSA) wherein transmitting a data stream through the TOSA comprises sending a data stream in the form of an input electrical signal from the test circuit to the TOSA, wherein the TOSA outputs a corresponding optical signal.

7. **(Original)** The method as recited in claim 6, wherein evaluating the data stream further comprises analyzing the optical signal from the TOSA using an analyzer.

8. **(Original)** The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising transmitting the results of the evaluation to a computer.

9. **(Original)** The method as recited in claim 6, wherein evaluating the data stream comprises:

converting the optical signal from the TOSA back to an output electrical signal,  
and  
comparing the input electrical signal with the output electrical signal.

10. **(Original)** The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the optical subassembly is a receiver optical subassembly (ROSA) wherein transmitting a data stream through the ROSA comprises sending a data stream in the form of an input optical signal through the ROSA, wherein the ROSA outputs a corresponding data stream in the form of an electrical signal.

11. **(Previously Presented)** The method as recited in claim 10, wherein evaluating the data stream further comprising transmitting the electrical signal from the flexible circuit to the test circuit.

12. **(Original)** The method as recited in claim 11, wherein evaluating the data stream further comprises transmitting the electrical signal from the test circuit to a computer.

13. **(Currently Amended)** An optical subassembly testing apparatus configured to evaluate an optical subassembly before the optical subassembly is connected to electrical components, the apparatus comprising:

a base member;

a printed circuit board having a test circuit formed thereon, the printed circuit board being disposed on the base member, wherein the optical subassembly is not disposed on the printed circuit board;

an electrical interface disposed in electrical communication with the test circuit, the electrical interface configured to be temporarily connected to the optical subassembly; and

means for temporarily placing the optical subassembly in electrical connection with the electrical interface.

14. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 13, wherein the means for temporarily placing the optical subassembly in temporary electrical connection with the electrical interface comprises a clamping assembly pivotably mounted to the base member.

15. **(Previously Presented)** The apparatus as recited in claim 14, wherein the clamping assembly has a plurality of pivot points enabling the clamping assembly to engage the optical subassembly at the electrical interface with at least a connecting force and a locking force, wherein the locking force is greater than the connecting force.

16. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 13, wherein the means for temporarily placing the optical subassembly in temporary electrical connection with the electrical interface comprises a clamping assembly slidably mounted to the base member.

17. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 13, wherein the means for temporarily placing the optical subassembly in temporary electrical connection with the electrical interface comprises a clamping assembly disposed above the electrical interface and configured to engage the electrical interface in a press-fit configuration.

18. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 13, further comprising an analyzer configured to be temporarily connected to the optical subassembly.

19. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 18, further comprising a computer connected to the test circuit and to the analyzer.

20. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 18, wherein the analyzer is a bit error rate tester and an optical receiver.

21. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 18, wherein the analyzer is a bit error rate tester and an optical transmitter.

22. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 13, further comprising an optical pattern generator configured to be temporarily connected to the optical subassembly.

23. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 22, further comprising a computer connected to the test circuit and the optical pattern generator.

24. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 13, wherein the optical subassembly is one of a transmitter optical subassembly ("TOSA") and a receiver optical assembly ("ROSA").

25. **(Currently Amended)** An optical subassembly testing apparatus configured to evaluate an optical subassembly before the optical subassembly is connected to electrical components, the apparatus comprising:

a base member;

a printed circuit board having a test circuit formed thereon, the printed circuit board being disposed on the base member, wherein the optical subassembly is not disposed on the printed circuit board;

an electrical interface disposed in electrical communication with the test circuit, the electrical interface configured to be temporarily connected to the optical subassembly; and

a clamping assembly pivotably mounted to the base member, the clamping assembly configured for temporarily placing the optical subassembly in temporary electrical connection with the electrical interface, ~~the clamping assembly including a lever, a link member, a head member, and a clamping member.~~

26. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 25, wherein the clamping assembly has a plurality of pivot points enabling the clamping assembly to engage the optical subassembly at the electrical interface with at least a connecting force and a locking force, wherein the locking force is greater than the connecting force.

27. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 25, further comprising an analyzer configured to be temporarily connected to the optical subassembly.

28. **(Original)** The apparatus as recited in claim 27, further comprising a computer connected to the test circuit and to the analyzer.

29.     **(Original)**     The apparatus as recited in claim 27, wherein the analyzer is a bit error rate tester and an optical receiver.

30.     **(Original)**     The apparatus as recited in claim 27, wherein the analyzer is a bit error rate tester and an optical transmitter.

31.     **(Original)**     The apparatus as recited in claim 25, further comprising an optical pattern generator configured to be temporarily connected to the optical subassembly.

32.     **(Original)**     The apparatus as recited in claim 31, further comprising a computer connected to the test circuit and the optical pattern generator.